

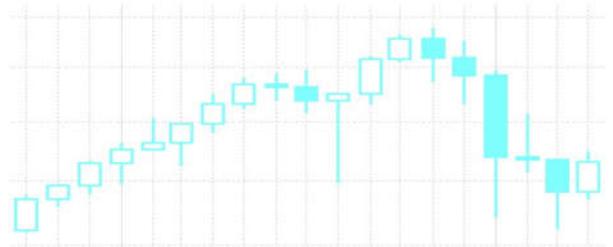
Exit strategies

Does the ideal exit strategy exist?



Robert Brain
July 2022
(updated from November 2015)

 Price charts summarise the underlying opinions and emotions of the market participants. Every chart tells a story. It pays to understand the stories in the price charts.



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Revision: 4e



Introduction

Exit strategies?

Is this important:

- capture profits?
- protect capital?





Why sell a stock?

BTW — Why would we consider selling our shares in a company?



3



Why sell a stock?

1. For a new investment position, the share price has fallen (*Stop Loss*);
2. The money is needed elsewhere;
3. The investment value has risen significantly, so it's somewhat sensible to liquidate some or all of the position (eg. the *portfolio weighting risk*);
4. The investment has risen to a pre-determined *price target*, so we want to lock in the profits and exit the position;
5. The investment position is not going anywhere and our money is not working hard enough (*time stop, or opportunity cost*).

4



Exit strategies?

The long-term buy-and-hold investor rarely contemplates selling an investment position.

However, astute investors/traders want to **protect capital** and **capture profits** carefully consider the possibilities for **exit strategies**, and ruthlessly implement the chosen strategies.

5



Interactive...

- Please ask questions.
- Let's discuss details.
- Price charts prepared using BullCharts software.



www.bullcharts.com.au

***Every chart tells a story.
Understand the story in the chart.***

6



Important Notice — No Advice!

- This presentation does not include any advice.
- For proper advice, your personal financial situation needs to be considered.
- This presentation is pure education, only for your general awareness.
- There are no recommendations to take any action, or to invest any money in any way.
- Always consult a properly licensed advisor before making investment decisions.



Important Notice





How to “get it right”?

- How can we manage the risks to protect our capital?
- How can we maximise the profits with minimal risks?
- What tools can we use to help us?

Let's review several possibilities...



The “percentage fall” approach

“When the stock falls by “x” percent, then I will sell it.” (What do you think about this method?)



- Is very common among investors.
- IMHO, is totally flawed!! → Avoid it!
- Ignores the fact that the emotions, sentiments and opinions of market participants are summarised in the price chart – as shown with the support & resistance levels, chart patterns, etc., etc.





Beware!

1. You CAN go broke taking profits!
2. We can't be right 100% of the time;
3. A win/loss ratio of 40% can be a winner if losses are small and profits are bigger;
4. Let the profits run;
5. Watch the risk and money management.



Price weakness

Consider an exit on ***price weakness***:

- Weakening trend
- Break of the trend line
- MACD, Momentum, MA of Momentum
- Bearish divergence
(MACD, RSI, Momentum, Money Flow, etc.).





What are the options?

Exit strategy options can be categorised:

1. Time, clock or calendar-based exits
2. Price target exits
3. Money-based exits (eg. Stop Loss) based on share price
4. Price chart features
5. Technical analysis indicator exits.

Let's look at each category...



1. Time, clock, calendar exits

- (a) Time exit — after days or weeks
- (b) Clock exit — based on time of day
- (c) Calendar exit — mostly based on anticipated cyclical patterns





(a) Time exit

A new investment goes nowhere for days or weeks so close the position (avoiding the *opportunity cost*).

For example, some people use a time period of:

- 30 days, or
- 4 weeks
- etc. ...



(b) Clock exit / entry

- Some people avoid the first hour of the trading day for entry
- Likewise, some people believe it best to exit a position within a particular time window
- For some days of the week, or of the month, some investors are extra cautious for entries or exits (eg. Monday morning, Friday); also in the lead up to a long weekend.





(c) Calendar – cycles, seasons

- Many people follow various cyclical patterns in the markets – which may, or may not, recur as expected;
- Can apply to equity markets, or commodities;
- By following cyclical or seasonal patterns, the calendar (and time of the year) becomes very relevant.



2. Price target exits

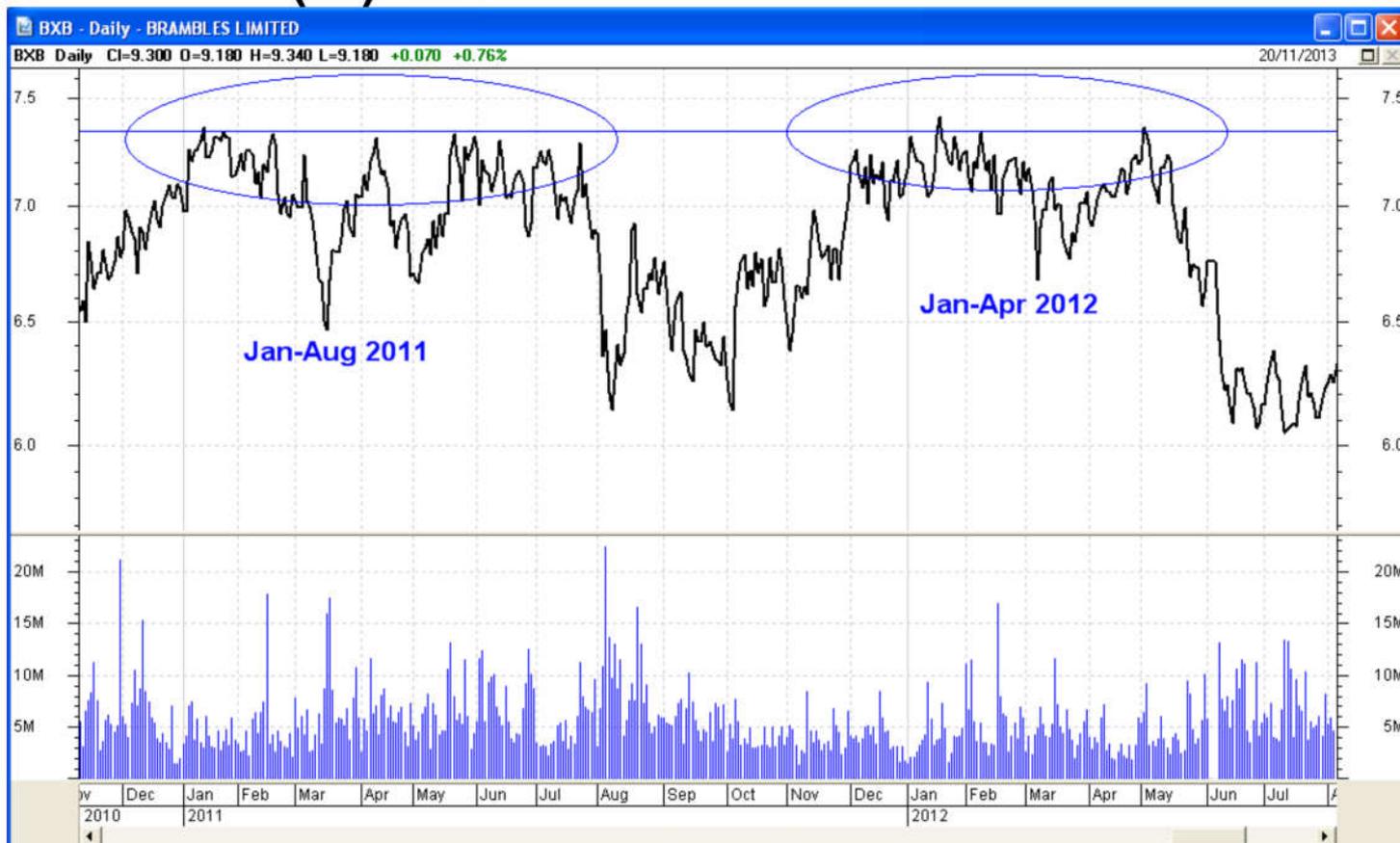
- (a) Overhead resistance (sample over);
- (b) The Measure Rule (samples over);
- (c) Round price value;
- (d) Elliott Wave or Gann principles
(eg. Elliott wave count, or
time and price balance, etc.).

(more over...)





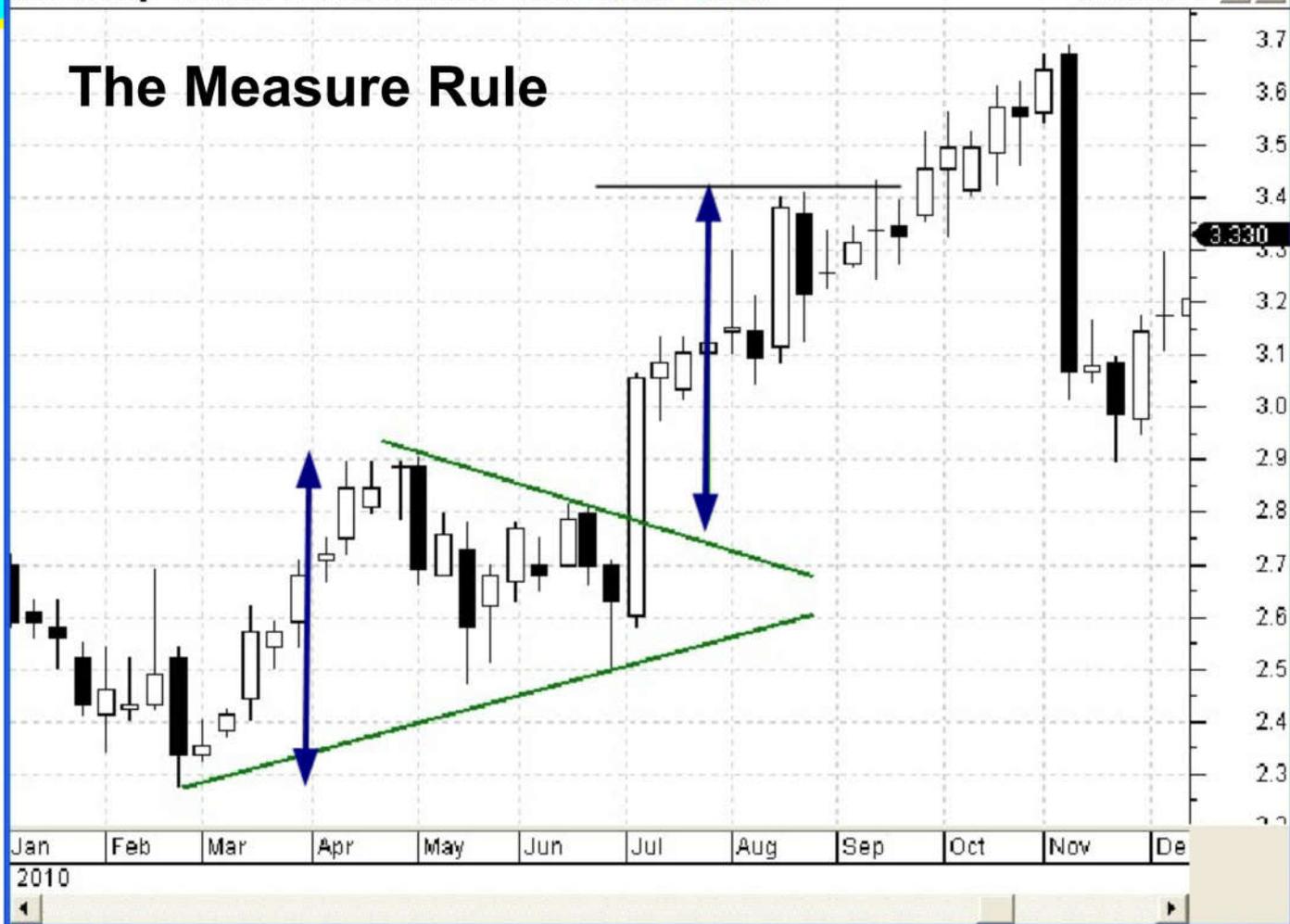
(a) Overhead resistance



(b) The Measure Rule



The Measure Rule



22



Exit Strategies – optimising

The Measure Rule



23



24



3. Money-based exits

- (a) Trailing Stop Loss below recent support (sample over);
- (b) Fibonacci extension (for price target).

(more over...)

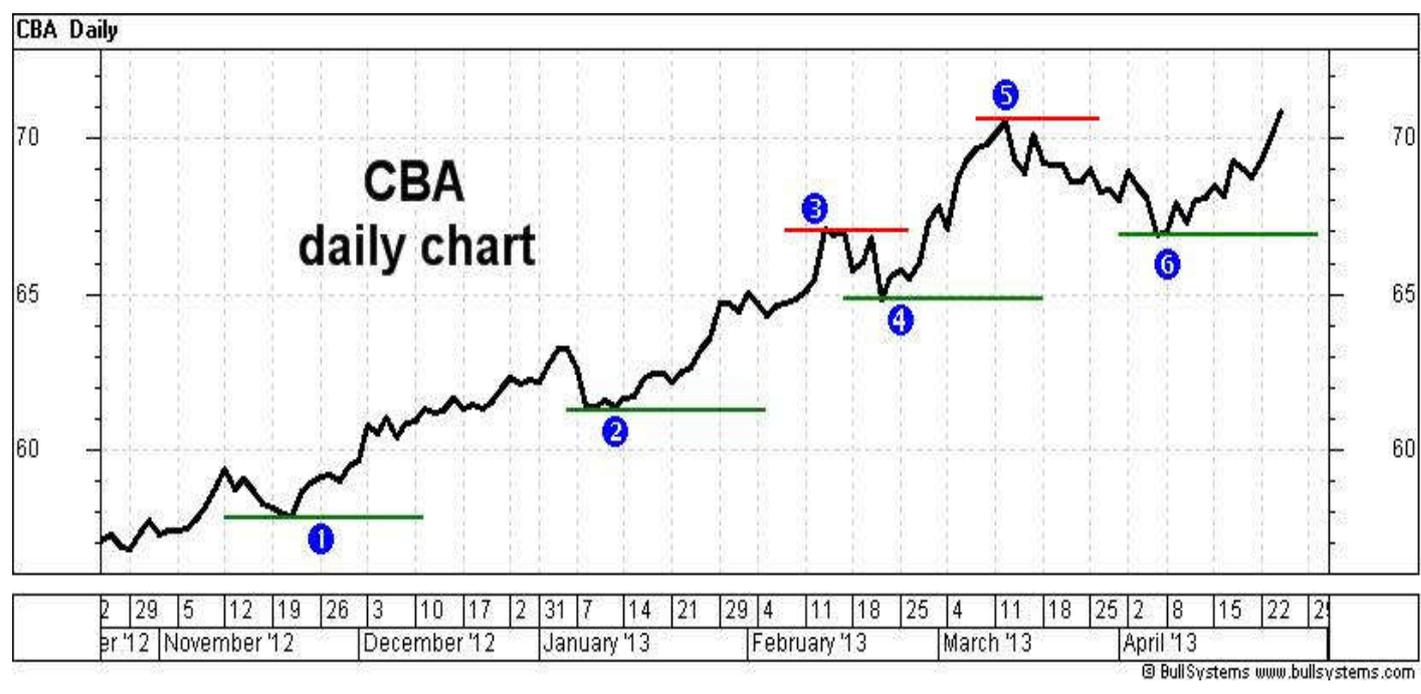


25



Exit Strategies – optimising

(a) Trailing Stop Loss



Exit Strategies – optimising

(b) Fibonacci extension



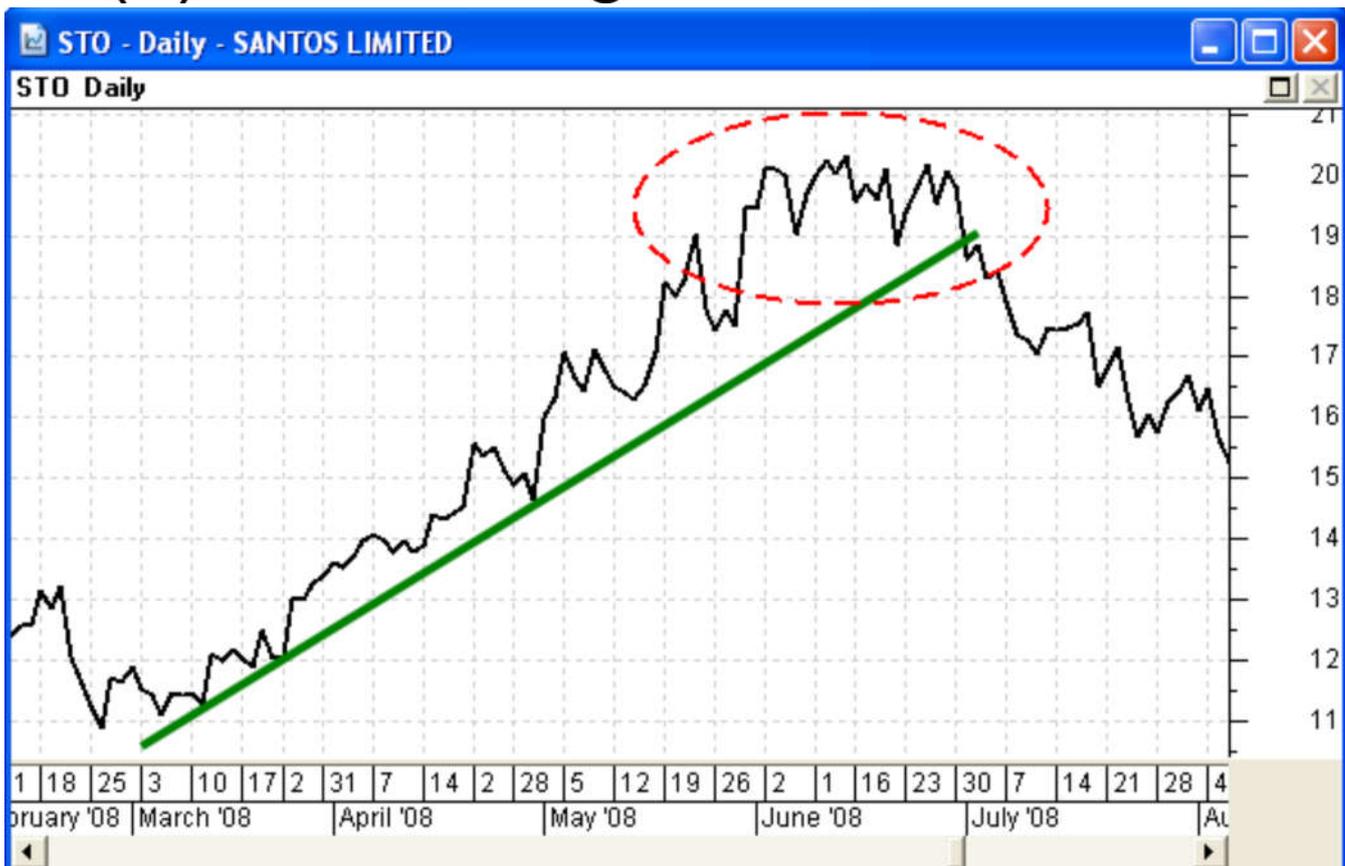


4. Price chart features

- (a) Weakness or failure of the trend
 - (b) Break (or change) of trend
 - (c) Lowest Low of last “n” bars
 - (d) Count Back Line (CBL)
 - (e) Candle reversal pattern
 - (f) Pivot Point reversal pattern
- (more over...)*



(a) Weakening trend and failure





(a) Break of trend line



(c) Lowest Low of "n" bars



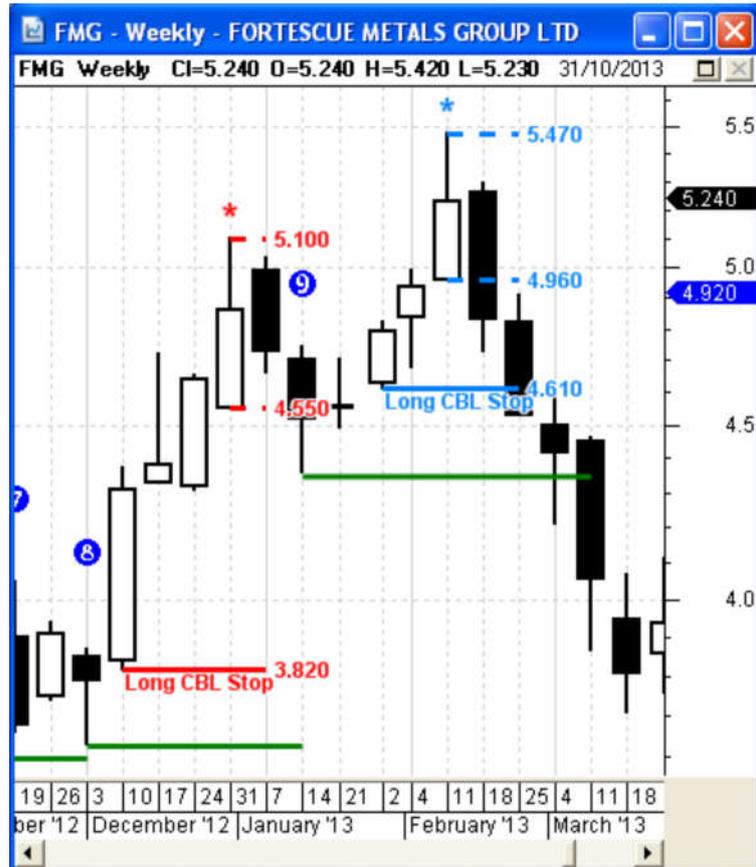


(d) CBL

Count Back Line

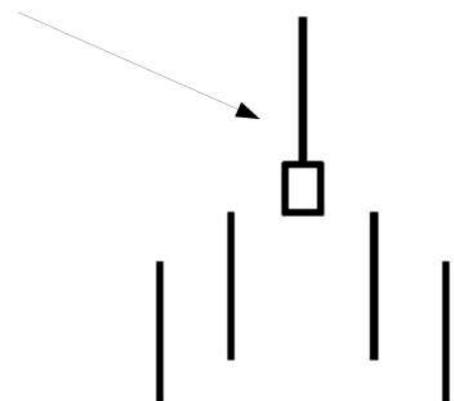
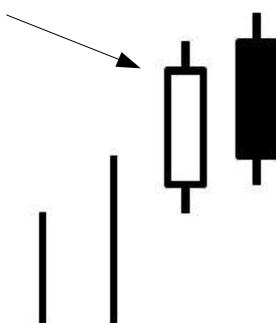
Start at the most recent Highest High, then “count back” to the next lowest low, and then again to the second lowest low.

This is the Stop Loss level. There are two successive examples shown on this chart.



(e) Candle reversal patterns

- Bearish abandoned baby
- Engulfing bearish
- Harami bearish
- Dark cloud cover
- Evening star
- Hanging man
- Bearish kicker
- Shooting star





(f) Pivot point reversal

The definitions vary. One popular one:

In an uptrend, the Pivot Point reversal has the following traits:

- A day (or period) that has a higher high than any of the bars next to it; and is:
- Followed by a day whose close is below the low of the day with the highest high.



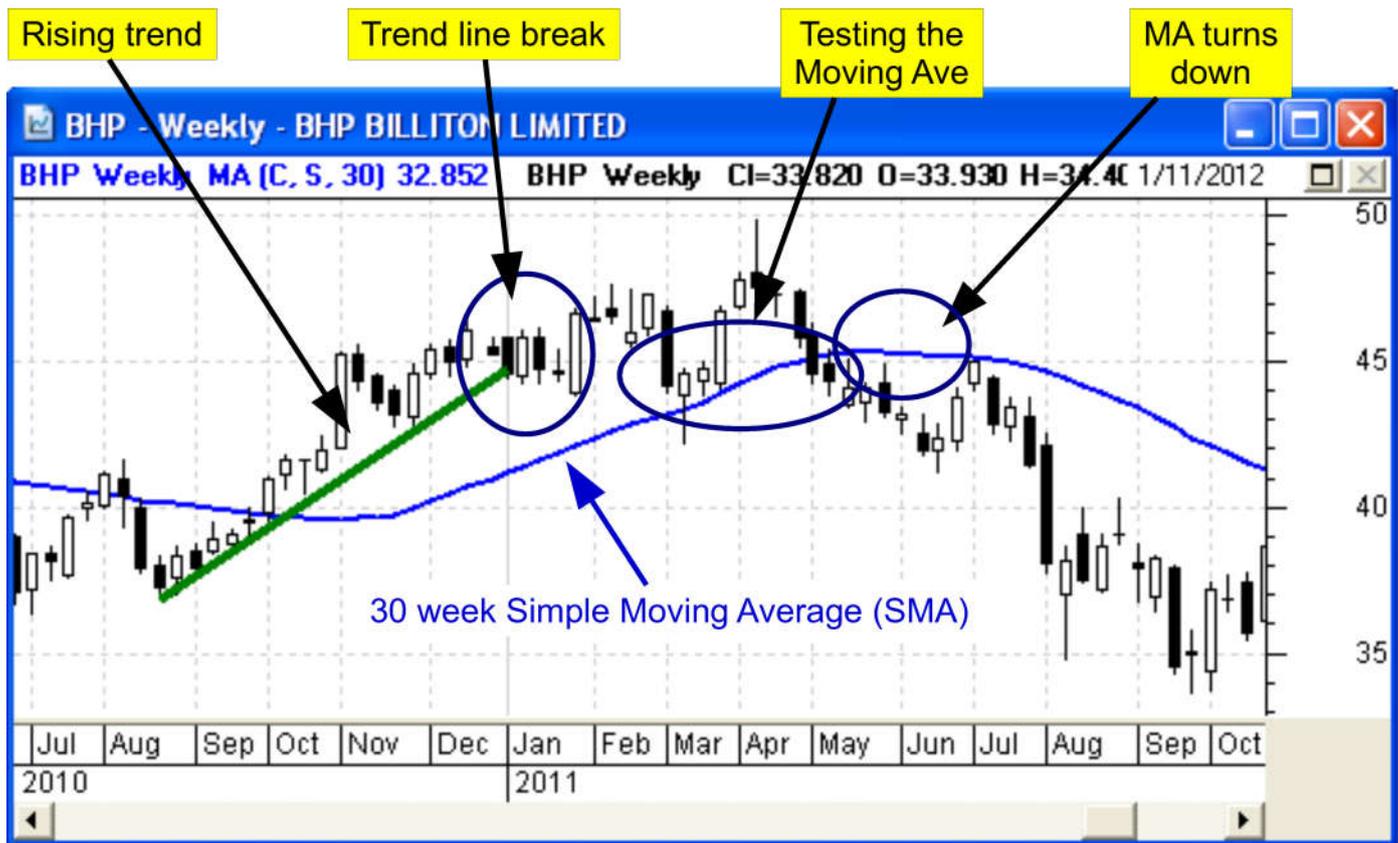
5. Technical analysis indicator exits

- (a) Moving Average (MA) – price above or below (eg. 50d, 200d, 30w)
- (b) Parabolic SAR
- (c) Moving Average cross-over
- (d) Bollinger Bands
- (e) ATR-based indicators
- (f) Hull Range indicator
- (g) Jim Berg Volatility Profit Taker or Trailing Stop indicator.





(a) Moving Average



(a) MA version 2

Alternate parameters can be used.
For example:-

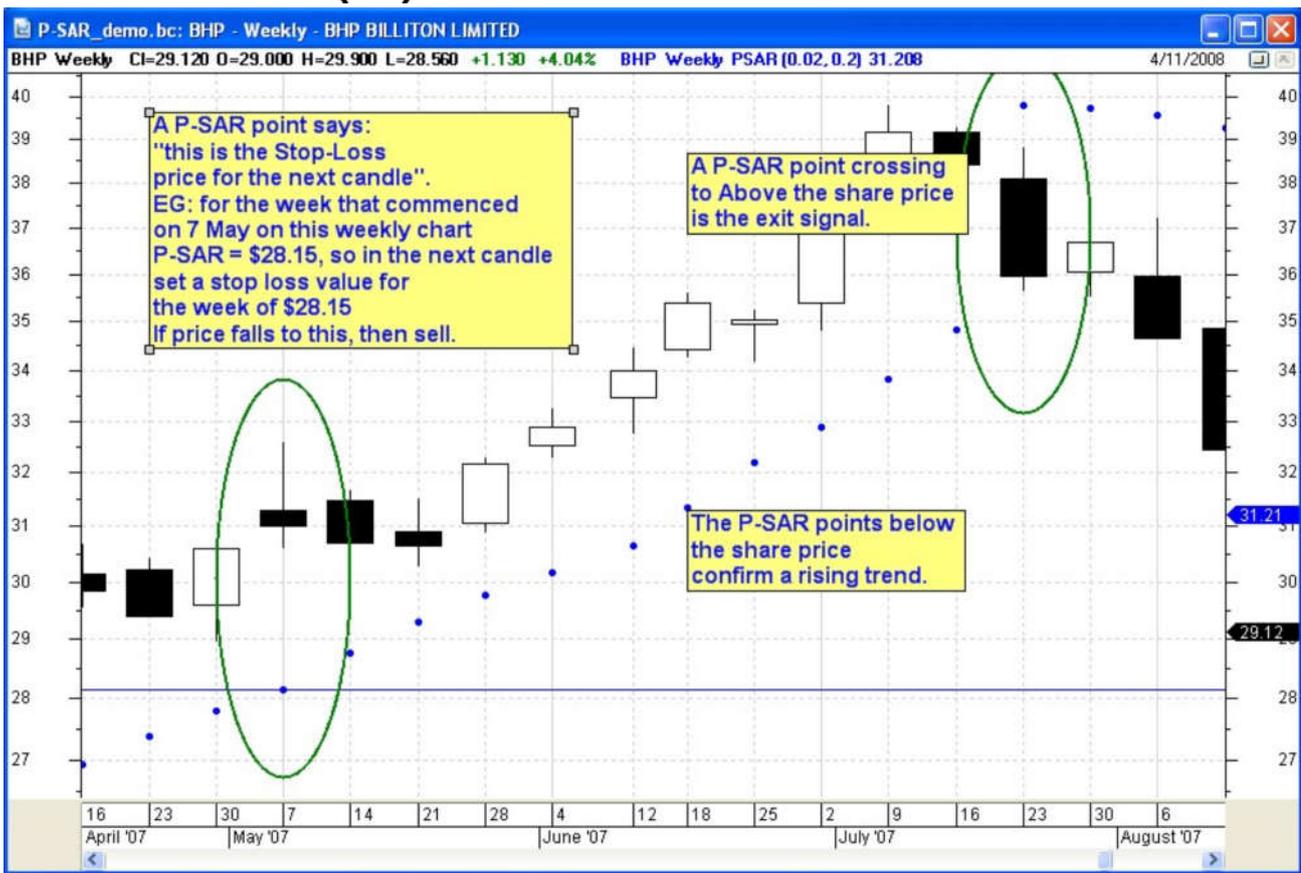
- MA(12), MA(14), MA(9)
- Simple MA
- Weighted MA
- Exponential MA





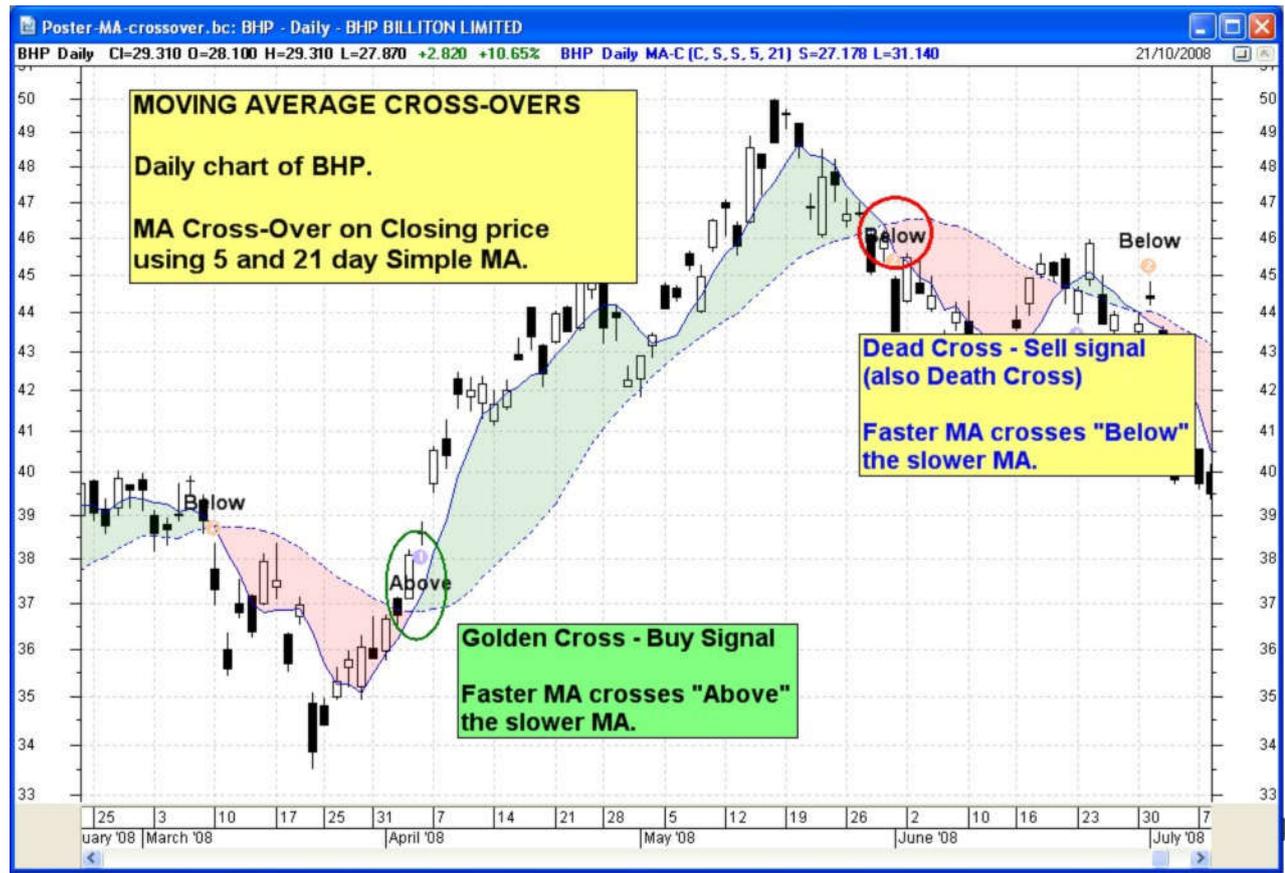
Exit Strategies – optimising

(b) Parabolic SAR



Exit Strategies – optimising

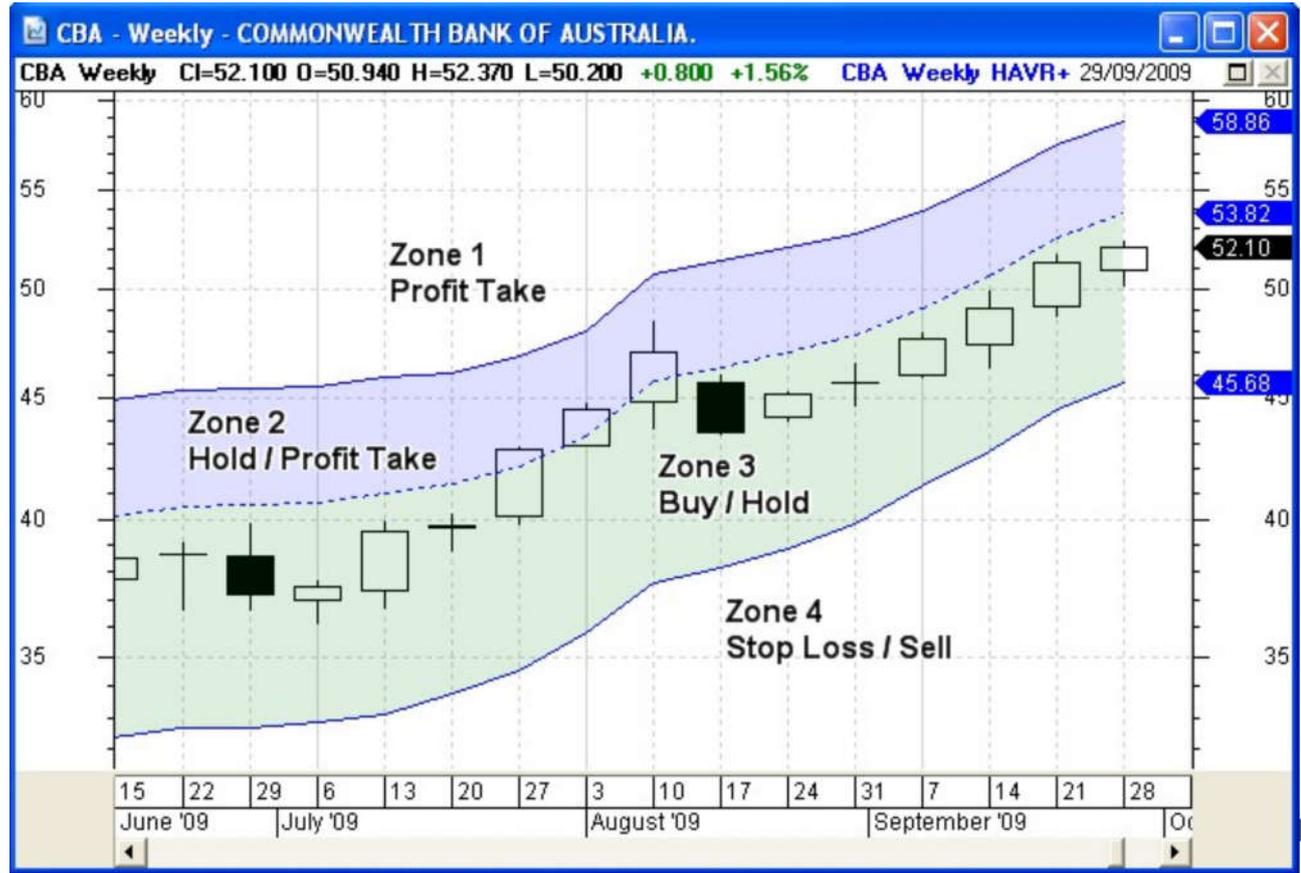
(c) MA Cross-over





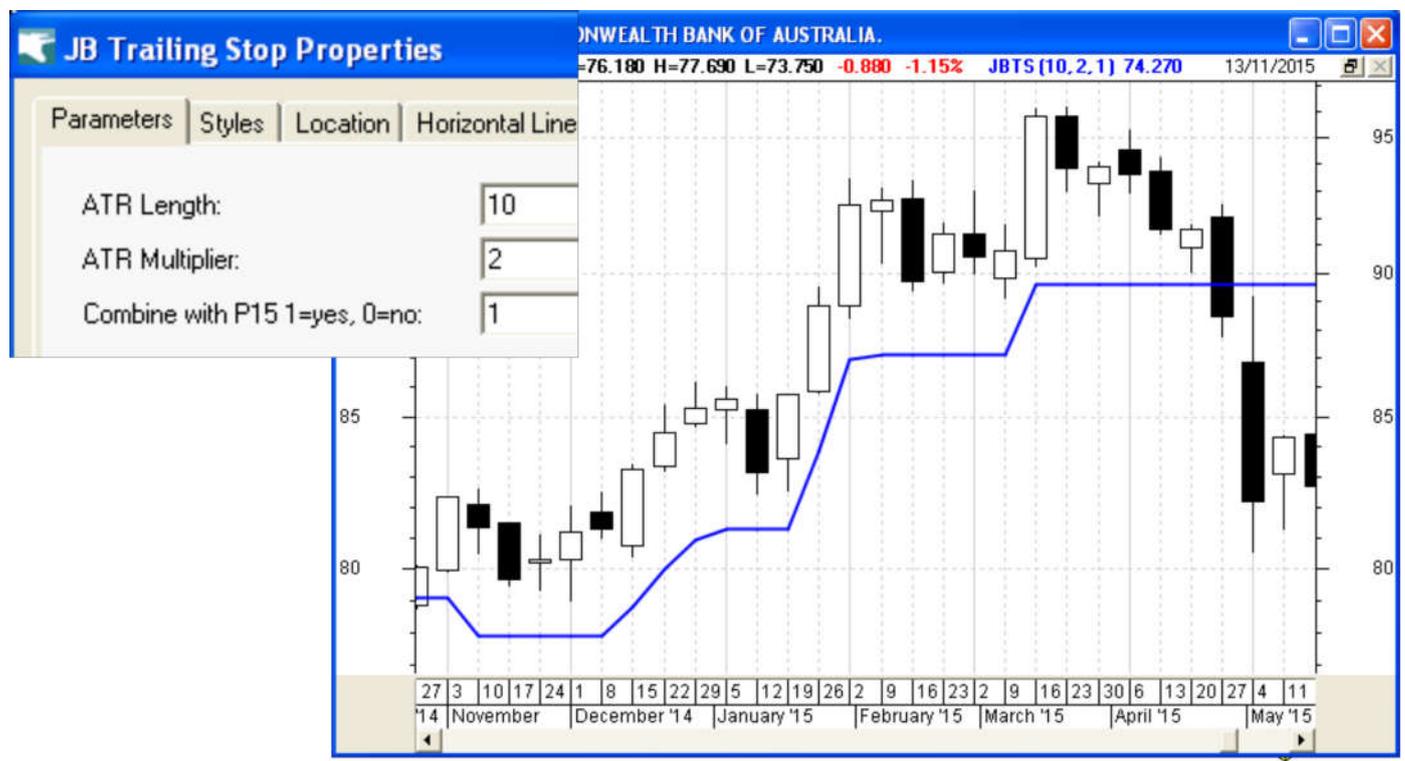
Exit Strategies – optimising

(f) Hull Range indicator



Exit Strategies – optimising

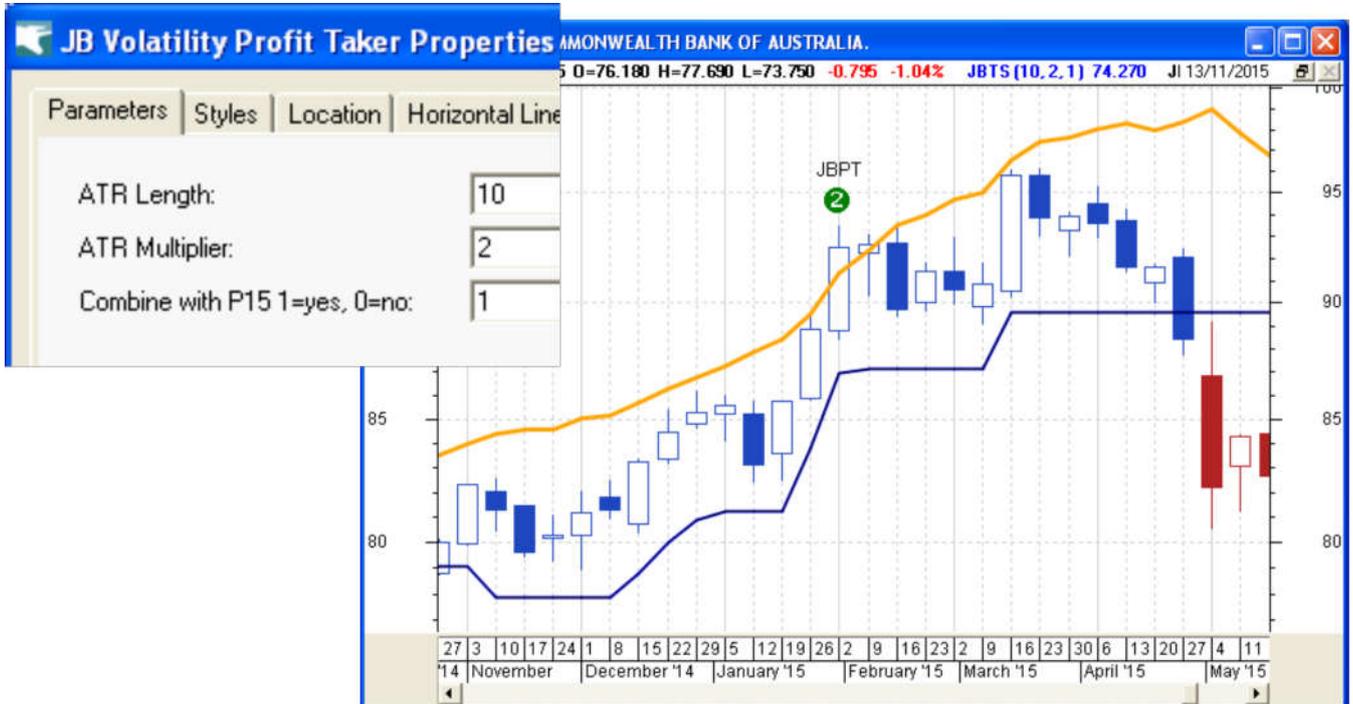
(g) Jim Berg JB Trailing Stop





(g) Jim Berg

JB Volatility Profit Taker (incorporates Trailing Stop)



(g) Jim Berg (summary)

- Two indicators:
 - JB Trailing Stop
 - JB Volatility Profit Taker (incorporates Trailing Stop)
- Default (and alternate) parameters:
 - ATR over 10 (or 5) periods
 - ATR multiplier: 2 (or 1.1).





More possibilities

- RSI over-bought / over-sold
- MACD Histogram over-bought / over-sold
- Stochastic
- Chandelier Stops
- MA Cross-overs (3/12, or 7/12, or 8/24)
- Bollinger Bands
- (others?...)



SUMMARY

- There is a lot to the topic of Exit Strategies;
- The chart detail can get complex but doesn't have to be;
- There are many choices, so choose one (or two) and ignore the rest;
- More information?... (see next slide).





My Toolbox web page:

Brainy's
Share Market Toolbox
(public information)

 **Exit strategies** 

The long-term buy-and-hold investor rarely contemplates selling an investment position. However, the astute investor/trader who wants to protect capital and capture profits carefully considers the possibilities for exit strategies, and ruthlessly implements the chosen strategies.

You are here: [Share Market Toolbox](#) > [Share Market](#) > [Exit strategies](#)

Related links: [Robert's Philosophy](#); [Share Market GFMs](#); [Share-Market-Ready](#); [Paper Trading](#); [Market Indexes](#); [Stop Loss](#); [Support and Resistance](#); [Trend-spotting](#); [Funda-Technical Analysis](#); [Sensible Investing](#); [Contrarian Investing Redefined](#); [Technical Analysis](#)

<p>Introduction</p> <p>Why should we consider implementing an exit strategy, and not just buy-and-hold?</p> <p>We know that a market correction, or even a bear market, comes around too often, and that it can be very prudent to capture profits and protect capital at various times through the economic cycle. Not convinced? See more details about corrections and bears...</p> <p>Reasons for exiting</p> <p>When we exit from a position it could be for one of a number of reasons including the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For a new investment position, the share price has fallen and our investment decision on this occasion was not a good one, so we sell based on our pre-determined Stop Loss approach. 2. The money is needed elsewhere, so we liquidate a position in order to redeploy the cash. 3. The investment value has risen significantly, making it somewhat sensible to liquidate some or all of the position, perhaps to re-balance the allocation of our funds or to reduce the risks of this particular investment (eg. the portfolio weighting risk). 4. The investment has risen to a pre-determined price target, so we want to lock in the profits and exit the position. 5. The investment position is not going anywhere and our money is not working hard enough (opportunity cost), so we liquidate in order to redeploy the capital elsewhere for a better performance. 	<p>More Information</p> <p><i>Slide presentations</i> - There is some preliminary and basic information in some of the slide presentations that Robert has prepared and delivered at various meetings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stop Loss - Introduction - a basic and simple introduction to the topic, presented to a User Group in 2007 (includes Speaker Notes for Premium Toolbox Members). • Seven ways to determine a Stop Loss - a simple presentation that lists and displays several ways to determine a Stop Loss. <p><i>eBook Articles</i> - Share Market Toolbox Members can see more details in the following eBook Articles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ST-6115 "Strategies for entry and exit", • TA-3300 "Support and Resistance", • ST-4500 "Stop Loss (introduction)", • TA-5020 "Stop Loss Basics", • TA-4250 "Parabolic-SAR", • TA-5100 "Indicators and Tools for Stops"
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Includes two free eBook (PDF) Articles, and many more for Toolbox Members

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That web page

Here is a link to that web page:

Exit strategies:

www.robertbrain.com/share-market/exit-strategies.html

Or go to the Toolbox Home page, and follow the link to “The Share Market”, then use the menu options.





Toolbox eBook Articles...

www.robertbrain.com/articles

Investing / trading strategies

Strategy concepts

- ST-6050 Keep for dividends? + (see page 1 here)
- ST-6110 The market is like an elephant (see page 1 here)
- **ST-6115 Strategies for entry and exit** * + (entirely free)
- ST-6120 Trends are important for the Dow Jones Rule (see page 1 here)
- ST-6130 Breakouts - introduction (see page 1 here)
- ST-6150 Correlation (see page 1 here)

Strategy considerations

- **ST-6200 Trading Strategy Considerations** * (entirely free)
- ST-6210 Trading Strategy - Volume and Liquidity (see page 1 here)
- ST-6215 Trading Strategy - Finding liquid stocks (see page 1 here)
- ST-6250 Strategies - GICS, Indexes, Sectors (see page 1 here)
- ST-6260 Sectors and the banks (see page 1 here)
- ST-6310 Investing - in cyclical stocks (see page 1 here)

Sample strategies - introduction

- **ST-6400 Sample Trading Strategies - Introduction** (entirely free)

Indicators and tools for stops

- TA-4410 On Balance Volume (OBV) (see page 1 here)
- TA-4610 Momentum (see page 1 here)
- TA-4630 Money Flow and the Twiggs MF indicator (see page 1 here)
- TA-5020 Stop Loss Basics (see page 1 here)
- TA-5100 Indicators and Tools for Stops (see page 1 here)
- TA-5210 Divergence (see page 1 here)
- TA-5300 Avoid paying too much (see page 1 here)
- TA-5420 Measure rule (see page 1 here)

Special applications and strategies

- **TA-6030 Exit strategies - Introduction** * + (entirely free)
- **TA-6031 Exit strategies - Part 1 Time, price, money** + (see page 1 here)
- **TA-6032 Exit strategies - Part 2 Price chart features** + (see page 1 here)
- TA-6050 Robert's Weekly Watchlist Strategy (see page 1 here)
- TA-6100 Weinstein - 30 week SMA and more (see page 1 here)
- TA-6150 Alan Hull - MMA, Range, ROAR (see page 1 here)



Summary & Wrap up

Summary

Exit strategies:

- reasons
- options
- approaches

*Every chart tells a story.
Understand the story in the chart.*



Summary & Wrap up

Don't forget my Toolbox

- Brainy's ***Share Market Toolbox***

- www.robertbrain.com
- Loads of eBook (PDF) Articles
- Info: share market, charting, BullCharts
- Weekly Market Updates and Watch List
- monthly e-Newsletters



- Good software – BullCharts

www.robertbrain.com/bullcharts/

- My contact details:

web site above, or phone: 0438 355 910

54



Summary & Wrap up

THE END

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55